

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A modified radial motion (MRM) method for modifying lengthwise curvature of face-milling spiral-bevel and hypoid gears, [[which]] capable of modifying a locus of a cutter center into a curve without changing a head cutter geometry, modifying lengthwise curvature of face-milling spiral bevel and hypoid gears by providing modified radial motion of [[the]] gear set providing a cutter and by cooperating with rotation of a cradle without changing the head cutter's geometry;

during the process of modifying the lengthwise curvature, radial setting of the head cutter will change with the rotation of the cradle, and a rotation center of the head cutter will trace a circular arc in a machine plane if radial setting is constant, so that an adjustability of gear set will be improved without changing the bearing ratio.

Claim 2 (Currently amended): The MRM method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the modified radial motion of the head cutter and a rotation angle of the cradle are nonlinear functions of a rotation angle of work-gear [[or]] and a rotation angle of the cradle.

Claim 3 (Currently amended): The MRM method as claimed in claim 1, wherein [[thc]] a locus of the head center can be is achieved by a constant radial setting cooperating with modification of and by modifying a vertical distance  $E_m$  between work-gear-axis c-c and cradle-axis a-a.

Claim 4 (Currently amended): The MRM method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the modified radial motion of the head cutter and the rotation angle of the cradle are functions of a rotation angle of work-gear [[or]] and a rotation angle of the cradle, which can be a relationship between the head cutter, the rotation angle of the cradle, the rotation angle of work-gear and the rotation angle of the cradle is a high-order polynomial formula [[form]].

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A modified radial motion (MRM) method for modifying lengthwise curvature of face-milling spiral bevel and hypoid gears, [[which]] capable of modifying locus of a cutter center into a curve without changing a head cutter geometry, modifying lengthwise curvature of face-milling spiral bevel and hypoid gears by providing modified radial motion of [[the]] head cutter by providing modified radial motion of [[the]] head cutter and by cooperating with rotation of a cradle without changing the head cutter's geometry;

during the process of modifying the lengthwise curvature, radial setting of the head cutter will change with the rotation of the cradle, and a rotation center of the head cutter will trace a circular arc in a machine plane if radial setting is constant, so that an adjustability of gear set will be improved without changing the bearing ratio.

Claim 2 (Currently amended): The MRM method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the modified radial motion of the head cutter and a rotation angle of the cradle are nonlinear functions of a rotation angle of work-gear [[or]] and a rotation angle of the cradle.

Claim 3 (Currently amended): The MRM method as claimed in claim 1, wherein [[the]] a locus of the head center can be is achieved by a constant radial setting cooperating with modification of and by modifying a vertical distance  $E_m$  between work-gear-axis  $c-c$  and cradle-axis  $a-a$ .

Claim 4 (Currently amended): The MRM method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the modified radial motion of the head cutter and the rotation angle of the cradle are functions of a rotation angle of work-gear [[or]] and a rotation angle of the cradle, which can be a relationship between the head cutter, the rotation angle of the cradle, the rotation angle of work-gear and the rotation angle of the cradle is a high-order polynomial formula [[form]].

BEST AVAILABLE COPY